

SAFETY DATA SHEET Palatine Professional Radiator and Appliance Paint White

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	Palatine Professional Radiator and Appliance Paint White	
Product code	P522W - P523W - P525W	
Product size	500ml - 1L - 2.5L - 5L	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	Paint.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	Palatine Paints & Chemicals Limited 55 Smallbrook Lane, Leigh, Lancashire, WN7 5PZ UK +44 (0)1942 884122 (T) sales@palatinepaints.co.uk	
Contact person:	Sales Department - 08.00 - 17.00 hrs Mon - Fri	
1.4. Emergency telephone numer		
Telephone Number:	+44 (0)1942 884122 (T) - 08.00 - 17.00 hrs Mon - Fri (not 24hr)	
National emergency telephone number: 0344 892 0111		

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or		
mixture Classification (EC 1272/2008)		
Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
Health hazards	STOT SE 3 - H336	
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	
2.2. Label elements Hazard		
pictograms		
\land		



Signal word

Hazard statements	EUH208 Contains NEODECANOATE ACID, COBALT SALT. May produce an allergic reaction. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Contains	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS, HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS
Supplementary precautionary statements	P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures		
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2%	AROMATICS	10-30%
CAS number: —	EC number: 919-857-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119463258-33-XXXX
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Titanium Dioxide		10-30%
CAS number: 13463-67-7	EC number: 236-675-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119489379-17-xxxx
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Carc. 2 - H351	-	

CAS number: 27253-31-2	EC number: 248-373-0	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	Xn;R22. Repr. Cat. 3;R62. N;R51/53. R43.	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Repr. 2 - H361f		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		

Composition comments

SECTION 4: First aid measures		
4.1. Description of first aid measures		
General information	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a p breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person	
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affect keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get a discomfort continues. Place unconscious person on their side in the ensure breathing can take place.	medical attention if any
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Move air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathir	-
Skin contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove co immediately and wash skin with soap and water.	ontaminated clothing
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue minutes and get medical attention.	to rinse for at least 15
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	not use water jet as an
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture		
Specific hazards	Toxic gases or vapours. FLAMMABLE. Solvent vapours may form	explosive mixtures with air.
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Risk of re-ignition after fire has been extinguished. Cool containers water until well after the fire is out. Avoid the spillage or runoff ente watercourses.	-
• • • • • • • •	Wear positive pressure celf contained breathing enperature (CCRA)	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) clothing.	and appropriate protective

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautionsAvoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. No
smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Ensure suitable respiratory
protection is worn during removal of spillages in confined areas.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

```
Methods for cleaning upEliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near<br/>spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or<br/>watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and<br/>place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section<br/>13.
```

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. To assist employers, the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions	Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep containers upright. Store away from the following materials: Oxidising materials. Alkalis. Acids.
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR. Up to 250 litres of liquids with a flashpoint above 32C but below 55C may be kept in a workroom provided they are kept in closed containers in a marked, fire-resisting cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate , marked storeroom conforming to the structural requirements contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
Specific end use(s)	Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon
Usage description	as possible.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Titanium Dioxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

NEODECANOATE ACID, COBALT SALT

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0.1 mg/m³ Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, Éyclics,

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1500 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 900 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day
PNEC	No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.
DNEL	Titanium Dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7) Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 700 mg/kg/day
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.184 mg/ - marine water; 0.0184 mg/ - Sediment (Freshwater); >=1000 mg/k - Sediment (Marinewater); >=100 mg/k Soil; 100 mg/k - STP; 100 mg/k
Ingredient comments	WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits
	NEODECANOATE ACID, COBALT SALT (CAS: 27253-31-2)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 0.2732 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 0.043 mg/m³ General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.0649 mg/kg/day
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.003 Co mg/ marine water; 0.00236 Co mg/ STP; 0.37 Co mg/ Sediment (Freshwater); 9.5 Co mg/kg/da Sediment (Marinewater); 9.5 Cp mg/kg/da Soil; 10.9 Co mg/kg/da
8.2. Exposure controls Protective equipment	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
	Wear chemical splash goggles. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standards EN388 and 374. As a general principle, exposure should be managed by means other than the provision
Appropriate engineering controls	of protective gloves. Manufacturers' performance data suggest that the optimum glove for use should be: Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: ≥ 0.31 mm Permeation breakthrough time according to EN374 - class: (1-6) e.g. minimum 480
Eye/face protection	mins. Caution: The performance of gloves under actual working conditions can be significantly

Hand protection

task where gloves are to be worn.

affected by many factors and the information provided according to EN374 may not accord

with what is achieved in practice. We recommend that expert professional advice is sought that takes into account of the work processes and working environment applicable for each

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.
Hygiene measures	No specific hygiene procedures recommended but good personal hygiene practices should always be observed when working with chemical products.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. It is recommended to use respiratory equipment with combination filter, type A2/P2.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Annoaranaa	Viscous liquid.	
Appearance		
Colour	WHITE.	
Odour	Organic solvents.	
Odour threshold	Not determined.	
рН	Technically not feasible.	
Melting point	Not determined.	
Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.	
Flash point	38 approx.°C Closed cup.	
Evaporation rate	Not determined.	
Evaporation factor	Not determined.	
Upper/lower flammability or	0.8	
explosive limits		
Other flammability Vapour	Not determined.	
pressure		
Vapour density	Heavier than air	
Relative density	0.98 approx. @ 20°C	
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water	
Partition coefficient	Not determined.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.	
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.	
Viscosity	6 P (Rotothinner)!@ 20°C	
Explosive properties	Not determined.	
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.	
Oxidising properties	Not determined.	
9.2. Other information		
Volatility	55	
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of <460 g/litre.	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous r	eactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not determined.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: Acids. Oxidising agents.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Strong alkalis. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	n products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological info	ormation	
11.1. Information on toxicologic	cal effects	
Inhalation	Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs.	
Ingestion	Liquid irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal pain if swallowed.	
Skin contact	Product has a defatting effect on skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause allergic contact eczema. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.	
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.	
Acute and chronic health hazards	This product has low toxicity. Only large quantities are likely to have adverse effects on human health.	
Route of exposure	Inhalation Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.	
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies. Avoid vomiting and stomach flushing because of the risk of aspiration.	
Inhalation	Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs.	
Ingestion	Liquid irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal pain if swallowed.	
Skin contact	Product has a defatting effect on skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause allergic contact eczema. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.	
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.	
Acute and chronic health hazards	This product has low toxicity. Only large quantities are likely to have adverse effects on human health.	
Route of exposure	Inhalation Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.	
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies. Avoid vomiting and stomach flushing because of the risk of aspiration.	

Toxicological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,100.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,100.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg)	5,100.0
Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	5,100.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	5,100.0
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	5,100.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritation	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Fertility: - , Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - : , Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	
	

STOT - repeated exposure Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard	Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s.
Inhalation	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Central nervous system depression.
Ingestion	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.
Skin contact	Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause allergic contact eczema.
Eye contact	No specific health hazards known.
Route of exposure	Inhalation Dermal

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, > 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Substance did not cause acute toxicity to fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater invertebrates EC_{50} , 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, > 72 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater algae Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater green algae
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, >: 100 mg/l, Activated sludge
Chronic aquatic toxicity	
Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOEC, 28 days: 0.131 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, 28 days: 0.23 mg/l, Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is not expected to be biodegradable.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
Phototransformation	Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air
Biodegradation	- 80 Degradation (%): 28 days Test - 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respiratory Test

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

	Bioaccumulative potentia	The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.
	Partition coefficient	log Pow: 5 - 6.7
		HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
	Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Readily absorbed into soil.
	Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Not available.
	Surface tension	24.5 mN/m @ 20°C
12.5. Results	s of PBT and vPvB assess	ment
Results of PE assessment	BT and vPvB This pr	oduct does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
Ecological in	formation on ingredients.	
	Results of PBT and vPvB	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
	assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
12.6. Other ad	verse effects	
Other adverse	effects The pro-	duct contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone potential.
Ecological info	ormation on ingredients.	
		HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
С	Other adverse effects	Not known.
SECTION 13:	Disposal considerations	
13.1. Waste tro	eatment methods	
General inform	nation Avoid th	e spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.
Disposal meth	•	of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the aste Disposal Authority.
Waste class	hazardo containe supplied BASED applicab residues	is coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as us waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part-used ers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be de. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02 backaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).

SECTION 14: Transport information	
General	This product is packed in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR and IMDG.
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1263
UN No. (IMDG)	1263
UN No. (ICAO)	1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name	2
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PAINT, Contains Low Aromatic White Spirit, Class 3, Packing Group III (38 °C)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PAINT
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PAINT
	PAINT
Proper shipping name (ADN)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	<u>s)</u>
ADR/RID class	1263
IMDG class	3
ICAO class/division	3
Transport labels	
14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous sul	bstance/marine pollutant
No	
14.6. Special precautions for u	ser
EmS	 F-E, S-E

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information			
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture			
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18		
	December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of		
	Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).		
	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16		
	December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).		
Guidance	Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information	on and a second s
Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
	ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
	RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
	IATA: International Air Transport Association.
	ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.
	IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
	CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
	LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
	LD_{50} : Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
	EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
	PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
	vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations	Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity
and acronyms	Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)
	Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
	Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard
	Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid
	STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure
	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.
Training advice	Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in
Revision comments	accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 Addition of EU supplier information
Issued by	Technical Dept. (N.O.)
Revision date	12/06/2018
Revision	1.0
Supersedes date	Not applicable
SDS number	20231
SDS status	Approved.

Hazard statements in full	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318 Causes serious eye damage.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Signature: J.H

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.