

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 255/W463 - LUMINOUS PAINT

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	255/W463 - LUMINOUS PAINT	
Product number	255/W463/280	
1.2. Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Paint.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of	the safety data sheet	
Supplier	COO-VAR Lockwood Street Hull HU2 0HN +44 (0) 1482 328053(T) +44 (0) 1482 219266(F) info@coo-var.co.uk	
Contact person	Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, as above	
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	Imber	
Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 1482 328053 Coo-Var (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)	
SDS No.	10638	
SDS No. SECTION 2: Hazards identifi		
	cation	
SECTION 2: Hazards identifi 2.1. Classification of the subs Classification (EC 1272/2008	cation stance or mixture <u>)</u>	
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SECTION 2: Hazards identifi 2.1. Classification of the subs Classification (EC 1272/2008 Physical hazards Health hazards	cation tance or mixture Not Classified Not Classified	
SECTION 2: Hazards identifi 2.1. Classification of the subs Classification (EC 1272/2008 Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards	cation tance or mixture Not Classified Not Classified	

Supplemental label information	EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas. Contains a biocidal product Contains CMIT/MIT (3:1) and BIT. May produce an allergic reaction.
Supplementary precautionary statements	P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information c	on ingredients			
3.2. Mixtures				
Copper doped zinc sulphide				10-30%
CAS number: 68611-70-1	EC number: 271-90	)4-2		
Classification Not Classified		Classificatior R31.	n (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Calcium Carbonate				10-30%
CAS number: 1317-65-3	EC number: 215-27	79-6		
Classification Not Classified		Classificatior	n (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
BRONOPOL (INN)				<0.048%
CAS number: 52-51-7	EC number: 200-14	43-0		
M factor (Acute) = 1				
<b>Classification</b> Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400			n <b>(67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> i;R37/38,R41 N;R50	
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE				<0.007%
CAS number: 2634-33-5	EC number: 220-12	20-9	REACH registration number: 0 2120761540-60-XXXX	)1-
M factor (Acute) = 1				
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400			<b>n (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> Xi;R38,R41 N;R50	

ZINC PYRITHIONE		<0.0025%
CAS number: 13463-41-7	EC number: 236-671-3	
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) = 1	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Acute Tox. 3 - H301	T;R23. Xn;R22. Xi;R41. N;R50.	
Acute Tox. 3 - H331		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS number: 55965-84-9		
M factor (Chronic) = 1		
Classification		
Acute Tox. 3 - H301		
Acute Tox. 2 - H310		
Acute Tox. 2 - H330		
Skin Corr. 1 - H314		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Skin Sens. 1B - H317 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.	
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	
Skin contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water.	
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
General information	Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	The product is non-combustible. Toxic and corrosive gases or vapours.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.	
6.2. Environmental precaution	<u>s</u>	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.	
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
6.4. Reference to other section	<u>15</u>	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8.	
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage	
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling	
Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. To assist employers, the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Protect from freezing and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep containers upright. Store away from the following materials: Oxidising materials. Alkalis. Acids.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	

Usage description	Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the
	containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon
	as possible.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

### Copper doped zinc sulphide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### **Calcium Carbonate**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust

#### Cellulose, 2 - hydroxyethyl ether, retarded

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m3 total dust Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 4 mg/m3 resp.dust

### ZINC PYRITHIONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0.35 mg/m<sup>3</sup> WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

#### Sodium Benzoate (CAS: 532-32-1)

DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 62.5 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 31.25 mg/kg Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 16.6 mg/kg Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 0.06 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	2,2,4 Trimethyl 1,3 Pentanediol Monoisobutyrate (CAS: 25265-77-4)
DNEL	Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 13.9 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 8.33 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8.33 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 14.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.015 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 0.78 mg/kg - STP; 7.5 mg/l - marine water; 0.002 mg/l - Sediment (Marinewater); 0.078 mg/kg - Soil; 0.147 mg/kg

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimise the risk of inhalation of vapours.

Eye/face protection	Wear approved, tight fitting safety glasses where splashing is probable.
Hand protection	To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standards EN388 and 374. As a general principle, exposure should be managed by means other than the provision of protective gloves. Manufacturer's performance data suggest that the optimum glove for use should be: Neoprene, nitrile, polyethylene or PVC. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.
Hygiene measures	No specific hygiene procedures recommended but good personal hygiene practices should always be observed when working with chemical products.
Respiratory protection	Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of dust, use suitable respiratory equipment with particle filter (type P2).

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Viscous liquid. Coloured liquid.
Colour	Light (or pale). Green.
Odour	Mild.
Odour threshold	Not determined.
Melting point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Evaporation factor	Not determined.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Relative density	1.3 - 1.4 @ @ 20 C°C
Bulk density	Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	Miscible with water
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Viscosity	2.5 (Rotothinner) P @ 25 C°C
Explosive properties	Not applicable.

Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.	
Oxidising properties	The mixture itself has not been tested but none of the ingredient substances meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.	
9.2. Other information		
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 22 g/litre.	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	nctivity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not determined.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: Acids. Oxidising agents.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Strong alkalis. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	formation	
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects	
Toxicological effects	No data recorded.	
General information	No specific health hazards known.	
Inhalation	No specific health hazards known.	
Ingestion	No harmful effects expected from quantities likely to be ingested by accident.	
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.	
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.	
Acute and chronic health hazards	This product has low toxicity. Only large quantities are likely to have adverse effects on human health.	
Route of exposure	Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.	
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies.	
Toxicological information on ingredients.		

Calcium Carbonate

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,000.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,000.0	
	1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,193.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,193.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg)	4,115.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	4,115.0	
	ZINC PYRITHIONE	
Acute toxicity - oral		
ATE oral (mg/kg)	100.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,000.0	
Species	Rat	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Animal data	Not irritating.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	Not sensitising.	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.	
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity	There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.	
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.	
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)		

Acute toxicity - oral		
ATE oral (mg/kg)	100.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	50.0	

### Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours 0.5 mg/l)

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### Ecotoxicity

There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: >10 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: >1 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: >200 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus
	BRONOPOL (INN)
Acute aquatic toxicity	
LE(C) <sub>50</sub>	0.1 < L(E)C50 ≤ 1
M factor (Acute)	1
	1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE
Acute aquatic toxicity	
 LE(C)₅₀	0.1 < L(E)C50 ≤ 1
M factor (Acute)	1
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 2.18 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 2.94 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: 0.11 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
	ZINC PYRITHIONE
Acute aquatic toxicity	
LE(C)50	0.1 < L(E)C50 ≤ 1
M factor (Acute)	1
Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, ~ 96 hours: 0.0026 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, ~ 48 hours: 0.0082 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.0012 mg/l, Marinewater algae
Chronic aquatic toxicity	

### Calcium Carbonate

M factor (Chronic)

### Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

Chronic aquatic toxicity

M factor (Chronic) 1

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** The product is expected to be biodegradable.

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Ecological information on ingredients.

#### ZINC PYRITHIONE

Persistence and	The product is readily biodegradable.
degradability	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

Ecological information on ingredients.

### ZINC PYRITHIONE

<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b> BCF: 50,
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Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.93

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility

The product contains substances, which are water soluble and may spread in water systems.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

### ZINC PYRITHIONE

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. **assessment** 

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not determined.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

- General informationAvoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Waste should be treated<br/>as controlled waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the<br/>requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
- **Disposal methods** Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.

Waste class	When this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as non- hazardous waste, with code 08 01 12 (WATER BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part used containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 08 01 12 (WATER BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02 (plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
General	The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).
14.1. UN number	
Not applicable.	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	<u>e</u>
Not applicable.	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Proper shipping name (ADN)	PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	us)
Not applicable.	
14.4. Packing group	
Not applicable.	
14.5. Environmental hazards	
<b>Environmentally hazardous su</b> No.	bstance/marine pollutant
14.6. Special precautions for u	iser
No information required.	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
SECTION 15: Regulatory information	
15.1. Safety, health and enviro	nmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
National regulations	The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No. 2677) (as amended).

EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	<ul> <li>ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.</li> <li>ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.</li> <li>CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.</li> <li>DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.</li> <li>GHS: Globally Harmonized System.</li> <li>ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.</li> <li>IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.</li> <li>LD<sub>30</sub>: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).</li> <li>PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.</li> <li>REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.</li> <li>PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.</li> <li>RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.</li> <li>SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.</li> <li>vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.</li> <li>cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity Point Estimate.</li> <li>EC<sub>50</sub>: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.</li> </ul>
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard Carc. = Carcinogenicity Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Resp. Sens. = Respiratory sensitisation Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure
Revision comments	Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 Revision of in can biocides information.
Issued by	Technical Dept. (P.E.)
Revision date	25/06/2020
Revision	8.1
Supersedes date	03/12/2018

SDS number	10638
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H301 Toxic if swallowed.</li> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H310 Fatal in contact with skin.</li> <li>H312 Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H330 Fatal if inhaled.</li> <li>H331 Toxic if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.</li> <li>H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Signature	Initials

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.